

## FEATURES

- ▶ SIP Package with Industry Standard Pinout
- ▶ Package Dimension:  
19.5 x 10.2 x 7.6 mm (0.77"x 0.4"x 0.3")
- ▶ Single and Dual Output Models
- ▶ I/O-Isolation 1000 VDC
- ▶ Operating Temp. Range -40°C to +85°C
- ▶ 3 Years Product Warranty



## PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The MINMAX MAU300 series is a range of 2W DC/DC converters in a small SIP Package featuring an I/O-isolation of 1000VDC. An excellent efficiency allows an operating temperature range of -40°C to +85°C.

These converters offer an economical solution for many applications where a voltage has to be isolated i.e for noise reduction, ground loop elimination, digital interfaces or for board level power distribution with isolated voltages.

### Model Selection Guide

Model Number	Input Voltage (Range)	Output Voltage	Output Current		Input Current		Load Regulation	Max. capacitive Load	Efficiency (typ.)
			Max.	Min.	@Max. Load	@No Load			
			VDC	VDC	mA	mA	mA(typ.)	mA(typ.)	% (max.)
MAU301	5 (4.5 ~ 5.5)	3.3	500	10	452	60	11	470	73
MAU302		5	400	8	526				76
MAU303		12	165	3	495				80
MAU304		15	133	2.5	499				80
MAU305		±5	±200	±4	519				77
MAU306		±12	±83	±1.5	504				79
MAU307		±15	±66	±1	501				79
MAU311	12 (10.8 ~ 13.2)	3.3	500	10	185	30	8	470	74
MAU312		5	400	8	212				78
MAU313		12	165	3	200				82
MAU314		15	133	2.5	200				83
MAU315		±5	±200	±4	210				79
MAU316		±12	±83	±1.5	201				82
MAU317		±15	±66	±1	200				82
MAU321	24 (21.6 ~ 26.4)	3.3	500	10	92	15	8	470	74
MAU322		5	400	8	108				77
MAU323		12	165	3	101				81
MAU324		15	133	2.5	101				82
MAU325		±5	±200	±4	105				79
MAU326		±12	±83	±1.5	102				81
MAU327		±15	±66	±1	100				82

# For each output

### Input Specifications

Parameter	Model	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input Voltage Range	5V Input Models	4.5	5	5.5	VDC
	12V Input Models	10.8	12	13.2	
	24V Input Models	21.6	24	26.4	
Input Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.)	5V Input Models	-0.7	---	9	
	12V Input Models	-0.7	---	18	
	24V Input Models	-0.7	---	30	
Reverse Polarity Input Current		---	---	0.3	A
Internal Filter Type	All Models	Pi Filter			
Internal Power Dissipation		---	---	650	mW

### Output Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Accuracy		---	$\pm 1.0$	$\pm 3.0$	%
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Output, Balanced Loads	---	$\pm 0.1$	$\pm 1.0$	%
Line Regulation	For Vin Change of 1%	---	$\pm 1.2$	$\pm 1.5$	%
Load Regulation	$Io=20\% \text{ to } 100\%$				See Model Selection Guide
Ripple & Noise	max. 20MHz Bandwidth	---	100	150	mV <sub>P-P</sub>
Temperature Coefficient		---	$\pm 0.01$	$\pm 0.02$	%/°C
Short Circuit Protection				0.5 Second Max.	

### General Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I/O Isolation Voltage (rated)	60 Seconds	1000	---	---	VDC
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC	1000	---	---	MΩ
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100KHz, 1V	---	80	120	pF
Switching Frequency		50	80	100	KHz
MTBF (calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign	2,000,000	---	---	Hours

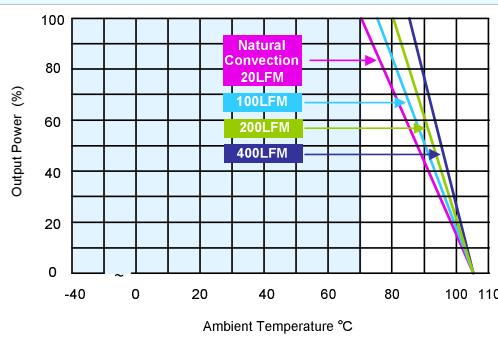
### Input Fuse

5V Input Models	12V Input Models	24V Input Models
1000mA Slow-Blow Type	500mA Slow-Blow Type	200mA Slow-Blow Type

### Environmental Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Ambient Temperature Range (See Power Derating Curve)	Natural Convection	-40	+85	°C
Case Temperature		---	+90	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-50	+125	°C
Humidity (non condensing)		---	95	% rel. H
Cooling				Free-Air convection
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.)		---	260	°C

### Power Derating Curve

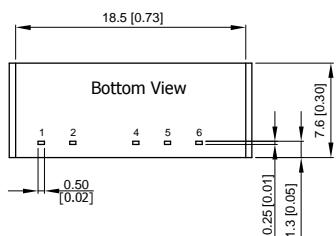
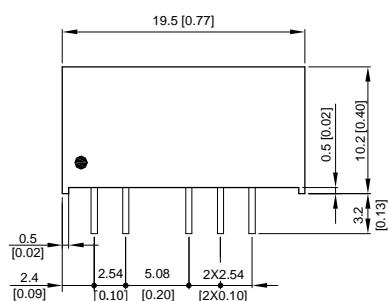


### Notes

- 1 Specifications typical at Ta=+25°C, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- 2 Ripple & Noise measurement bandwidth is 0-20MHz.
- 3 These power converters require a minimum output loading to maintain specified regulation, operation under no-load conditions will not damage these modules; however they may not meet all specifications listed.
- 4 All DC/DC converters should be externally fused at the front end for protection.
- 5 Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact factory.
- 6 That "natural convection" is about 20LFM but is not equal to still air (0 LFM).
- 7 Specifications are subject to change without notice.

## Package Specifications

### Mechanical Dimensions



### Pin Connections

Pin	Single Output	Dual Output
1	+Vin	+Vin
2	-Vin	-Vin
4	-Vout	-Vout
5	No Pin	Common
6	+Vout	+Vout

- ▶ All dimensions in mm (inches)
- ▶ Tolerance: X.X±0.25 (X.XX±0.01)  
X.XX±0.13 (X.XXX±0.005)
- ▶ Pins ±0.05(±0.002)

### Physical Characteristics

Case Size : 19.5x7.6x10.2mm (0.77x0.30x0.40 inches)

Case Material : Non-Conductive Black Plastic (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated)

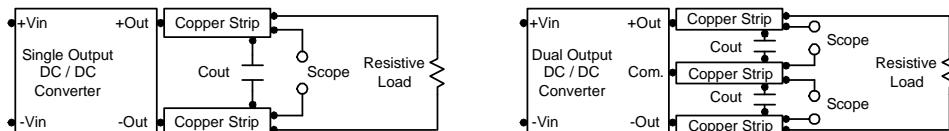
Pin Material : Alloy 42

Weight : 2.7g

## Test Setup

### Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a  $C_{out}$   $0.33\mu F$  ceramic capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC/DC Converter.



## Technical Notes

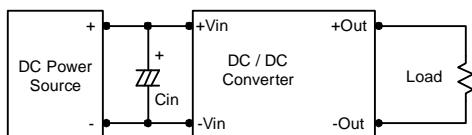
### Maximum Capacitive Load

The MAU300 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. For optimum performance we recommend  $390\mu F$  maximum capacitive load for dual outputs and  $470\mu F$  capacitive load for single outputs. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

### Input Source Impedance

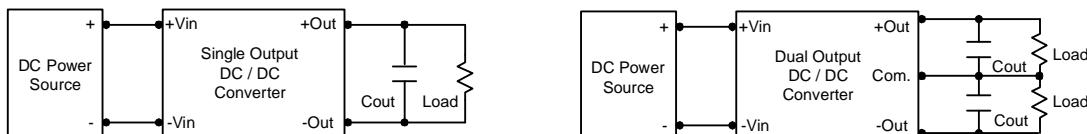
The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup.

Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is recommended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR <  $1.0\Omega$  at 100 KHz) capacitor of a  $2.2\mu F$  for the 5V input devices, a  $1.0\mu F$  for the 12V input devices and a  $0.47\mu F$  for the 24V devices.



### Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use  $1.5\mu F$  capacitors at the output.



### Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below  $90^\circ C$ . The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.

